



How can I specify the datatype of the output image?

Since there is no way to figure out what the data type should be in advance, the default datatype for images is Int2 (2 byte integers). For example:

```
unix% dmcopy "acisf00884N001_evt2.fits[bin ccd_id=0:9:1]" ccd_image.fits
unix% dmlist ccd_image.fits blocks
```

Dataset: ccd_image.fits

Block Name	Type	Dimensions
Block 1: EVENTS_IMAGE	Image	Int2(10)
Block 2: GTI7	Table	2 cols x 1 rows

This can cause problems when you have an event file with more than $\sim 2^{16}$ values (i.e. many event files). The solution is to use the opt qualifier to specify the desired datatype. Here we repeat the example, but force the type to be Int4 (4 byte integers):

```
unix% dmcopy "acisf00884N001_evt2.fits[bin ccd_id=0:9:1][opt type=i4]" ccd_real4.fits
unix% dmlist ccd_real4.fits blocks
```

Dataset: ccd_real4.fits

Block Name	Type	Dimensions
Block 1: EVENTS_IMAGE	Image	Int4(10)
Block 2: GTI7	Table	2 cols x 1 rows

For more information and a list of valid datatypes, see "[ahelp dmopt](#)."

