

URL: http://cxc.harvard.edu/ciao3.4/pack.tm.html
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AHELP for CIAO 3.4 Pack Context: slangrtl

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Synopsis

Pack objects into a binary string

Syntax

```
BString_Type pack (String_Type fmt, ...)
```

Description

The pack function combines zero or more the objects (represented by the ellipses above) into a binary string acording to the format string fmt.

The format string consists of one or more data—type specification characters, and each may be followed by an optional decimal length specifier. Specifically, the data—types are specified according to the following table:

```
char
С
C
      unsigned char
     short
h
Η
     unsigned short
i
I
     unsigned int
1
     long
     unsigned long
T.
j
     16 bit int
J
      16 unsigned int
      32 bit int
k
      32 bit unsigned int
K
f
      float
d
     double
F
      32 bit float
D
     64 bit float
s
     character string, null padded
     character string, space padded
     a null pad character
```

A decimal length specifier may follow the data—type specifier. With the exception of the s and S specifiers, the length specifier indicates how many objects of that data type are to be packed or unpacked from the string. When used with the s or S specifiers, it indicates the field width to be used. If the length specifier is not present, the length defaults to one.

With the exception of c, C, s, S, and x, each of these may be prefixed by a character that indicates the byte–order of the object:

pack 1

```
> big-endian order (network order)
< little-endian order
= native byte-order</pre>
```

The default is to use native byte order.

When unpacking via the unpack function, if the length specifier is greater than one, then an array of that length will be returned. In addition, trailing whitespace and null character are stripped when unpacking an object given by the S specifier.

Example

```
a = pack ("cc", 'A', 'B');
                                   % ==> a = "AB";
a = pack ("c2", 'A', 'B');
a = pack ("xxcxxc", 'A', 'B');
                                   % ==> a = "AB";
                                   % ==> a = "\0\0A\0\0B";
a = pack ("h2", 'A', 'B');
                                   % ==> a = "\0A\0B" or "\0B\0A"
a = pack (">h2", 'A', 'B');
                                   % ==> a = "\0\xA\0\xB"
a = pack ("<h2", 'A', 'B');
                                   % ==> a = "\0B\0A"
a = pack ("s4", "AB", "CD");
                                   % ==> a = "AB \setminus 0 \setminus 0"
                                  % ==> a = "AB \setminus 0 \setminus 0CD"
a = pack ("s4s2", "AB", "CD");
a = pack ("S4", "AB", "CD");
                                   % ==> a = "AB "
```

See Also

slangrtl

<u>apropos, fread, fwrite, integer, message, pad pack format, putenv, set float format, sizeof pack, sprintf, sscanf, strcat, string, uname, unpack, verror, vmessage</u>

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